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Agrément Certificate 23/7047

Product Sheet 1 Issue 1

## **CALTECH UV SYSTEMS**

## **CALTECH UV**

This Agrément Certificate Product Sheet<sup>(1)</sup> relates to the Caltech UV, for use on new and existing flat and pitched roofs with limited access or pedestrian access, including balconies and terraces.

(1) Hereinafter referred to as 'Certificate'.

#### The assessment includes.

#### **Product factors:**

- compliance with Building Regulations
- compliance with additional regulatory or nonregulatory information where applicable
- evaluation against technical specifications
- · assessment criteria and technical investigations
- · uses and design considerations

#### **Process factors:**

- · compliance with Scheme requirements
- installation, delivery, handling and storage
- · production and quality controls
- · maintenance and repair

### Ongoing contractual Scheme elements†:

- regular assessment of production
- · formal 3-yearly review



#### **KEY FACTORS ASSESSED**

- Section 1. Mechanical resistance and stability
- Section 2. Safety in case of fire
- Section 3. Hygiene, health and the environment
- Section 4. Safety and accessibility in use
- Section 5. Protection against noise
- Section 6. Energy economy and heat retention
- Section 7. Sustainable use of natural resources
- Section 8. Durability

The BBA has awarded this Certificate to the company named above for the system described herein. This system has been assessed by the BBA as being fit for its intended use provided it is installed, used and maintained as set out in this Certificate.

On behalf of the British Board of Agrément

Date of issue: 15 December 2023

Hardy Giesler Chief Executive Officer

This BBA Agrément Certificate is issued under the BBA's Inspection Body accreditation to ISO/IEC 17020. Sections marked with  $\dagger$  are not issued under accreditation.

The BBA is a UKAS accredited Inspection Body (No. 4345), Certification Body (No. 0113) and Testing Laboratory (No. 0357).

Readers MUST check that this is the latest issue of this Agrément Certificate by either referring to the BBA website or contacting the BBA directly.

The Certificate should be read in full as it may be misleading to read clauses in isolation.

Any photographs are for illustrative purposes only, do not constitute advice and should not be relied upon.

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### **SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT AND COMPLIANCE**

This section provides a summary of the assessment conclusions; readers should refer to the later sections of this Certificate for information about the assessments carried out.

# **Compliance with Regulations**

Having assessed the key factors, the opinion of the BBA is that Caltech UV systems if installed, used and maintained in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements of the following **Building Regulations:** 



## The Building Regulations 2010 (England and Wales) (as amended)

Requirement: B4(1)

**External fire spread** 

Comment: The system is restricted by this Requirement in some circumstances. See sections 2

of this Certificate.

Requirement: B4(2) **External fire spread** 

Comment: On suitable substructures, the system may enable a roof to be unrestricted under

this Requirement. See sections 2 of this Certificate.

Requirement: C2(b) Resistance to moisture

Comment: The system will enable a roof to satisfy this Requirement. See section 3 of this

Certificate.

Regulation: 7(1) Materials and workmanship

Comment: The system is acceptable. See sections 8 and 9 and Annex A of this Certificate.

Regulation: 7(2) Materials and workmanship

Comment: Use of the system on balconies is restricted under this Regulation. See section 2 of

this Certificate.



## The Building (Scotland) Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation: 8(1)(2) Fitness and durability of materials and workmanship

Comment: The system can satisfy the requirements of this Regulation. See sections 8 and 9 of

this Certificate.

Regulation: 8(3) Fitness and durability of materials and workmanship

Comment: The system is restricted under this Regulation. See section 2 of this Certificate.

9 **Building standards applicable to construction** Regulation:

2.2 Standard: Separation

Use of the system on balconies is restricted under clause  $2.2.7^{(1)}$  of this Standard. Comment:

See section 2 of this Certificate.

Standard: Spread on neighbouring buildings 2.6

Comment: The system is restricted under clause 2.6.4<sup>(1)(2)</sup> of this Standard in some

circumstances. See section 2 of this Certificate.

Standard: 2.7 Spread to external walls

Use of the system is restricted under clauses 2.7.1<sup>(1)(2)</sup> and 2.7.2<sup>(1)(2)</sup> of this Standard Comment:

in some circumstances. See section 2 of this Certificate.

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Standard: Comment:	2.8	Spread from neighbouring buildings The system, when applied to a suitable substructure, may enable a roof to be unrestricted by clause $2.8.1^{(1)(2)}$ of this Standard. See section 3 of this Certificate.
Standard: Comment:	3.10	Precipitation The use of the system will enable a roof to satisfy the requirements of this Standard, with reference to clauses $3.10.1^{(1)(2)}$ and $3.10.7^{(1)(2)}$ . See section 6.1 of this Certificate.
Standard: Comment:	7.1(a)	Statement of sustainability The system can contribute to meeting the relevant requirements of Regulation 9, Standards 1 to 6 and therefore will contribute to a construction meeting a bronze level of sustainability as defined in this Standard.
Regulation: Comment:	12	Building standards applicable to conversions  Comments in relation to the system under Regulation 9, Standards 1 to 6 also apply to this Regulation, with reference to clause 0.12.1 <sup>(1)(2)</sup> and Schedule 6 <sup>(1)(2)</sup> .  (1) Technical Handbook (Domestic). (2) Technical Handbook (Non-Domestic).
35		

(2) Technical Handbook (Non-Domestic).				
	The Building Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2012 (as amended)			
Regulation:	23(1)(a)(i)(ii)	Fitness of materials and workmanship		
Comment:	(iii)(iv)(b)(i)	The system is acceptable. See sections 8 and 9 and Annex A of this Certificate.		
Regulation:	23(2)	Materials and workmanship		
Comment:	` ,	Use of the system on balconies is restricted under this Regulation. See section 2 of this Certificate.		
Regulation: Comment:	28(b)	The system will enable a roof to satisfy the requirements of this Regulation. See section 3 of this Certificate.		
Regulation:	36(a)	External fire spread		
Comment:		The system is restricted by this Regulation in some circumstances. See section 2 of this Certificate.		
Regulation:	36(b)	External fire spread		
Comment:	, ,	On suitable substructures, the use of the system may enable a roof to be unrestricted by this Regulation. See section 2 of this Certificate.		

# **Additional Information**

#### **NHBC Standards 2023**

In the opinion of the BBA, Caltech UV, if installed, used and maintained in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements in relation to *NHBC Standards*, Chapter 7.1 *Flat roofs, terraces and balconies*.

In addition, in the opinion of the BBA, the system, when installed and used in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements in relation to *NHBC Standards for Conversions and Renovations*, taking account of other relevant guidance within the chapter and the suitability of the substrate to receive the system.

The NHBC Standards do not cover the refurbishment of existing roofs.

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## **Fulfilment of Requirements**

The BBA has judged Caltech UV to be satisfactory for use as described in this Certificate. Caltech UV has been assessed as a waterproofing system on new and existing flat and pitched roofs with limited or pedestrian access, including balconies and terraces as described in this Certificate.

#### **ASSESSMENT**

## Product description and intended use

The Certificate holder provided the following description for the system under assessment Caltech UV consists of:

- Caltech CR a single component, moisture curing polyurethane membrane installed by brush, roller or airless spray for exposed applications
- Caltech UV a single component, moisture curing, thixotropic hybrid polyurea membrane installed by brush, roller or airless spray
- Caltech sealer coat a single component, elastic aliphatic polyurethane, UV resistant top coat, installed by brush, roller or airless spray, for use over the other membranes in exposed uses
- $\bullet$  Caltech F-MAT a 60  $\rm g\cdot m^{-2}$  polyester reinforcement for the system
- Caltech G-MAT a 225 g⋅m<sup>-2</sup> glass reinforcement for the system
- Euroroof PU Primer a single component, solvent based, moisture curing polyurethane primer for use on concrete and bituminous membrane substrates
- Caltech WBP a two-component, water-based, epoxy primer for use on bitumen membranes and porous substrates.
- 1.2 The Certificate holder recommends the following ancillary items for use with the system, but these materials have not been assessed by the BBA and are outside the scope of this Certificate:
- Caltech SA Fleece Preparation Layer a proprietary self-adhesive carrier membrane, including a glass facing on the top face, used over modular substrates with joints and as separating layer underneath (carrying) Caltech UV. Also suitable for cracked mineral substrates. Contact the Certificate holder's Technical Services for further advice
- Caltech Preparation Layer a proprietary self-adhesive carrier membrane used over modular substrates with joints and as separating layer underneath (carrying) Caltech UV. Also suitable for cracked mineral substrates. Contact the Certificate holder's Technical Services for further advice
- Caltech self-adhesive joint tape a self-adhesive reinforcing tape for specific points of weakness such as joints, cracks, protrusions, and junctions and coupling of same or different materials.

#### **Applications**

The system is intended for use on new and existing flat and pitched roofs with limited or pedestrian access, including balconies and terraces. The systems are suitable for use on the following substrates:

- concrete
- reinforced bitumen membranes (including sanded and mineral surfaced).

#### <u>Definitions for systems and applications inspected.</u>

The following terms are defined for the purpose of this Certificate as:

- flat roof a roof having a minimum finished fall of 1:80
- pitched roof a roof having a fall in excess of 1:6
- limited access roof a roof subjected only to pedestrian traffic for maintenance of the roof covering, cleaning of gutters, etc
- pedestrian access roof a roof that is not subjected to vehicular traffic.

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### Product assessment – key factors

The system was assessed for the following key factors, and the outcome of the assessments is shown below. Conclusions relating to the Building Regulations apply to the whole of the UK unless otherwise stated.

### 1 Mechanical resistance and stability

Not applicable.

### 2 Safety in case of fire

Data were assessed for the following characteristics.

#### 2.1 External fire spread.

2.1.1 When tested to CEN/TS 1187 : 2012, Test 4 and classified to EN 13501-5 : 2016, the constructions given in Table 1 of this Certificate achieved BROOF(t4) for slopes below 10°.

Table 1 Systems given B <sub>ROOF</sub> (t4) classification				
Substrate	Base coat	Reinforcement	Top coat	UV protection coat
Fibre cement board 5 to 20 mm thick	Caltech UV applied at a rate of 1.5 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>	Caltech G-MAT	Caltech UV applied at a rate of 1.8 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>	-
Fibre cement board ≥ 8 mm thick	Caltech CR applied at a rate of 2.0 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>	Caltech F-MAT or Caltech G-MAT	Caltech CR applied at a rate of 3.9 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>	_
	Caltech UV applied at a rate of 2.0 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>		Caltech UV applied at a rate of 3.9 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>	_
	Caltech UV applied at a rate of 1.5 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>		Caltech UV applied at a rate of 1.0 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>	Caltech sealer coat applied at a rate of 0.3 kg·m <sup>-2</sup>

- 2.1.2 On the basis of data assessed, constructions listed in Table 1 will be unrestricted by the documents supporting the national Building Regulations with respect to proximity to a relevant boundary.
- 2.1.3 When used in conjunction with one of the inorganic coverings listed in the Annex of Commission Decision 2000/553/EC, the system will be similarly unrestricted.
- 2.1.4 The designation and permissible areas of use of other specifications should be confirmed by reference to the requirements of the documents supporting the national Building Regulations.

### 2.2 Reaction to fire

- 2.2.1 The Certificate holder has not declared a reaction to fire classification for the Caltech UV system.
- 2.2.2 On the basis of data assessed, the Caltech UV system will be restricted in use under the documents supporting the national Building Regulations in some cases.
- 2.2.3 In England, the system, when used for roof pitches of greater than 70°, excluding upstands, should not be used less than 1 m from a relevant boundary, or on residential buildings more than 11 m in height or on other buildings more than 18 m in height. These constructions should also be included in calculations of unprotected area.
- 2.2.4 In Wales, the system, when used for roof pitches greater than 70°, excluding upstands, should not be used less than 1 m from a relevant boundary, or on other buildings more than 18 m in height or in some cases, on assembly and recreation buildings. These constructions should also be included in calculations of unprotected area.
- 2.2.5 In Scotland and Northern Ireland, the system used in pitches greater than 70°, excluding upstands, that do not achieve the minimum Class E reaction to fire classification to BS EN 13501-1: 2018, designers should seek guidance on the proposed use of the system from the relevant Building Control Body.

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- 2.2.6 In England, the system should not be used exposed on balconies on residential buildings with a storey 11 m or more in height or on buildings that have a storey more than 18 m above ground level and which contain: one or more dwelling, an institution, a room for residential purposes, a room in a hostel, hotel or boarding house, student accommodation, care homes, sheltered housing, hospitals or dormitories in boarding schools.
- 2.2.7 In Wales and Northern Ireland, the system should not be used exposed on balconies on buildings that have a storey at least 18 m above ground level and which contain one or more dwellings, an institution, a room for residential purposes (excluding any room in a hostel, hotel or boarding house), student accommodation, care homes, sheltered housing, hospitals or dormitories in boarding schools and additionally, in Northern Ireland, nursing homes and places of lawful detention.
- 2.2.8 In Scotland, the system should not be used on balconies of buildings with a storey 11 m or more above the ground.

### 3 Hygiene, health and the environment

Data were assessed for the following characteristics.

#### 3.1 Weathertighness

3.1.1 Results of weathertightness tests are given in Table 2.

Table 2 Weathertightness	results		
System assessed	Assessment method	Requirement	Result (Mean)
Caltech UV (Glass mat system)	Watertightness by exposure to 60 kPa BS EN 1928 : 2000 (method B)	No evidence of water leakage	Pass
Caltech UV	Water vapour transmission properties BS EN 1931 : 2000	Value achieved	Sd (equivalent air layer thickness): 0.815 m
Caltech UV (Glass mat system)	Delamination to EOTA TR 004 : 2004 (on concrete)	≥50 kPa	Pass
Caltech UV (Glass mat system)	Delamination to EOTA TR 004 : 2004 (mineral on insulation)	≥50 kPa	Pass
Caltech UV (Glass mat system)	Delamination to EOTA TR 004 : 2004 (mineral on Concrete)	≥50 kPa	Pass
Caltech UV (Polyester mat system)	Crack bridging to EOTA TR 013 : 2004 (on concrete)	Water leakage	
	Control		Pass

- 3.1.2 The weathertightness of the system was assessed using test data from a representative related system applied at the same application rate and met the requirement of remaining watertight when subjected to a one-metre head of water for 24 hours.
- 3.1.3 On the basis of data assessed, the system will adequately resist the passage of moisture to the inside of a building and so satisfy the requirements of the national Building Regulations.
- 3.1.4 On the basis of data assessed, the adhesion of the system is sufficient to resist the effects of wind suction, elevated temperature and thermal shock conditions likely to occur in practice and remain weathertight.
- 3.1.5 The resistance to wind uplift for warm roofs will be dependent on the cohesive strength of the insulation and the method by which it is secured to the roof deck. This must be taken into account when selecting a suitable insulation material

#### 3.2 Resistance to mechanical damage

3.2.1 Results of resistance to mechanical damage tests are given in Table 3.

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Table 3 Mechanical resist	ance results		
System assessed	Assessment method	Requirement	Result
Caltech UV	Tensile strength and Elongation to	Value achieved	
	BS EN ISO 527-1: 2019 and		
	BS EN ISO 527-4: 1997		
	Control		979 N per 50 mm/2.97 %
	Control cured for 21 days at 5°C		945 N per 50 mm/3.50 %
	Control cured for 21 days at 35°C		1317 N per 50 mm/2.97 %
Caltech UV	Dynamic indentation to EOTA TR 006	Value achieved	
(Glass mat system)	(on steel)		
	Control tested at 21°C		14
	Control tested at -30°C		<b>l</b> 4
	Control cured for 21 days at 5°C		
	Tested at 21°C		14
	Control cured for 21 days at 35°C		
	Tested at 21°C		14
Caltech UV	Dynamic indentation to EOTA TR 006:	Value achieved	
(Glass mat system)	2004 ((on mineral and insulation)		
	Tested at 20°C		14
Caltech UV	Dynamic indentation to EOTA TR 006:	Value achieved	
(Polyester mat system)	2004 ((on mineral and insulation)		
	Tested at 20°C		14
Caltech UV	Static indentation to EOTA TR 007:	Value achieved	
(Glass mat system)	2004 (on steel)		
	Control tested at 20°C		L <sub>4</sub>
	Control tested at 90°C		$L_4$
Caltech UV	Static indentation to EOTA TR 007:	Value achieved	
(Glass mat system)	2004 (on mineral and insulation)		
	Tested at 20°C		L <sub>4</sub>
Caltech UV	Static indentation to EOTA TR 007:	Value achieved	
(Polyester mat system)	2004 (on mineral and insulation)		
	Tested at 20°C		L <sub>4</sub>
Caltech UV	Fatigue to EOTA TR 008: 2004	No evidence of	Pass
(Glass mat system)	(on concrete)	leakage after	
	(1000 cycles at -10°C)	24 hours exposure to	
		100 mm head of	
		water. No debonding,	
		or if any not	
		exceeding 75 mm in	
		total or 50 mm on	
		one side of the gap	

- 3.2.2 The mechanical damaged testing of the system was assessed using test data from a representative related system applied at the same application rate and met all testing requirements.
- 3.2.3 On the basis of data assessed, the system can accept, without damage, the foot traffic and light concentrated loads associated with installation, maintenance and pedestrian traffic on defined walkways and the effects of minor movement likely to occur in practice while remaining weathertight.
- 3.2.4 Where traffic in excess of the examples given in section 3.2.2 is envisaged, such as for maintenance of lift equipment, a suitable walkway must be provided (for example, using concrete slabs supported on bearing pads). Reasonable care must be taken to avoid puncture by sharp objects or concentrated loads.

## 4 Safety and accessibility in use

Not applicable.

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# 5 Protection against noise

Not applicable.

# 6 Energy economy and heat retention

Not applicable.

# 7 Sustainable use of natural resources

Not applicable.

# **8 Durability**

- 8.1 The potential mechanisms for degradation and the known performance characteristics of the materials in the system were assessed.
- 8.2 Specific test data were assessed as given in Table 4.

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Table 4 Results of	f durability tests		
System assessed	Assessment method	Requirement	Result
Caltech UV	Tensile strength/Elongation to	Value achieved	
(Glass mat	BS EN ISO 527-1: 2019 and		
system)	BS EN ISO 527-4 : 1997		
	Heat aged for 240 days at 80°C		1389 N per 50 mm/2.63 %
	UV aged for 1200 MJm <sup>2</sup> (60°C) as defined in		1345 N per 50 mm/2.61 %
	EOTA TR 010 : 2014		
	21 days cure at 5°C and		945 N per 50 mm/3.5%
	then stored at 23°C/50 % humidity		
	21 days cure at 35°C and		1317 N per 50 mm/2.97%
	then stored at 23°C/50 % humidity		
Caltech UV	Delamination to EOTA TR 004: 2004	≥50 kPa	Pass
(Glass mat	(On concrete)		
system)	Water exposure 96 days (Dried at ambient for 59 days		
	prior to testing		
Caltech UV	Delamination to EOTA TR 004 : 2004	≥50 kPa	Pass
(Glass mat	(Mineral on insulation)		
system)	Water exposure 96 days (Dried at ambient for 59 days		
	prior to testing		
Caltech UV	Delamination to EOTA TR 004 : 2004	≥50 kPa	Pass
(Glass mat	(Mineral on insulation)		
system)	Water exposure 60 days		
Caltech UV	Dynamic indentation to EOTA TR 006 : 2004 (on steel)	Value achieved	
(Glass mat	UV aged (Exposure condition `S' (60°C) as defined in		
system)	EOTA TR 010 : 2014) tested at -10°C		14
	Heat aged at 80°C for 240 days		
	tested at -10°C		<b>l</b> 4
Caltech UV	Static indentation to EOTA TR 007 : 2004 (on steel)	Value achieved	
(Glass mat	Water exposure at 60°C for 96 days		
system)	tested at 90°C		L <sub>4</sub>
Caltech UV	Fatigue to EOTA TR 008 : 2004	No evidence of	Pass
(Glass mat	(on concrete)	leakage after	
system)	Heat aged at 80°C for 240 days	24 hours	
	(50 cycles)	exposure to 100	
	()	mm head of	
		water. No	
		debonding, or if	
		any not	
		exceeding	
		75 mm in total	
		or 50 mm on	
		one side of the	
		gap	
Caltech UV	Crack bridging to EOTA TR 013 : 2004 (on concrete)	Water leakage	Pass
(Polyester mat	Heat aged at 70°C for 91 days		
system)			

8.2.1 The durability testing of the system was assessed using test data from a representative system applied at the same application rate and met all testing requirements.

### 8.3 Service life

Under normal service conditions, the system will have a life of at least 30 Years, provided they are designed, installed and maintained in accordance with this Certificate and the Certificate holder's instructions.

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### **PROCESS ASSESSMENT**

Information provided by the Certificate holder was assessed for the following factors:

### 9 Design, installation, workmanship and maintenance

#### 9.1 Design

- 9.1.1 The design process was assessed, and the following requirements apply in order to satisfy the performance assessed in this Certificate.
- 9.1.2 Decks to which the system is to be applied must comply with the relevant requirements of BS 6229 : 2018 and, where appropriate, *NHBC Standards* 2023, Chapter 7.1.
- 9.1.3 For design purposes of flat roofs, twice the minimum finished fall must be assumed, unless a detailed analysis of the roof is available, including overall and local deflection, and direction of falls.
- 9.1.4 Balconies and terraces, to which the system is to be applied, must be designed in accordance with BS 8579 : 2020.
- 9.1.5 In areas of pedestrian access, appropriate precautions against slip, such as the installation of paviours, must be taken.
- 9.1.6 Dead loads, wind loads and imposed loads must be calculated by a suitably experienced and competent individual in accordance with BS EN 1991-1-1: 2002, BS EN 1991-1-3: 2003 and BS EN 1991-1-4: 2005, and their UK National Annexes.
- 9.1.7 Insulation materials to be used in conjunction with the system must be in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions and be either:
- as described in the relevant clauses of BS 6229 : 2018, or
- the subject of a current BBA Certificate and be used in accordance with, and within the limitations of, that Certificate.

#### 9.2 Installation

- 9.2.1 Installation instructions provided by the Certificate holder were assessed and judged to be appropriate and adequate.
- 9.2.2 Installation of Caltech UV systems must be carried out in accordance with the relevant clauses of BS 8000-0: 2014, BS 8000-4: 1989, the Certificate holder's instructions and this Certificate. Additional instructions and guidance are provided in Annex A of this Certificate.
- 9.2.3 The system components must be applied when the air and substrate temperatures are greater than 5°C, rising to a maximum air temperature of 35°C. The system must not be installed in rain, snow, fog or misty conditions.
- 9.2.4 Detailing (eg upstands) must be carried out in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions.
- 9.2.5 Substrates on which the system are to be applied must be properly prepared in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions.
- 9.2.6 Adhesion to substrates will depend on the condition and cleanness of the substrate. Substrates must be visibly dry, sound and free from loose materials or contamination (eg moss or algae).
- 9.2.7 Damaged areas of the substrate (eg blistered membrane) must be removed, replaced or repaired. Substrate defects (eg shallow-bottomed cracks and indentations) are filled in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions.

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- 9.2.8 Deck surfaces must be free from sharp projections such as concrete nibs.
- 9.2.9 The primers are applied at the coverage rates given in Table 5.

Table 5 Primer application rates	
Primer	Application rate (g⋅m <sup>-2</sup> )
Euroroof PU Primer	150
Caltech WBP	100 to 150 <sup>(1)</sup>

- (1) Euroroof PU Primer diluted at a ratio of 1:1 with water.
- 9.2.10 When using an airless spray, the wind speed must be such that it does not interfere with the application or cause overspray. No attempt to spray should be made if the wind speed exceeds 6.7 m·s<sup>-1</sup> (15 mph), unless precautions such as the use of wind barriers are taken.
- 9.2.11 The system is applied at the application rates given in Table 6.

Table 6 System build-ups and applications rates				
Layer	System			
	Caltech UV <sup>(1)</sup>	Caltech UV / Caltech sealer coat		
Base coat	Caltech UV at 1.50 kg·m <sup>-2</sup> (1.00 ℓ·m <sup>-2</sup> ) minimum	Caltech UV at 1.50 kg·m <sup>-2</sup> (1.00 ℓ·m <sup>-2</sup> ) minimum		
Reinforcement	Caltech G-MAT or Caltech F-MAT	Caltech G-MAT or Caltech F-MAT		
Top coat	Caltech UV at 1.80 kg·m <sup>-2</sup> (1.20 ℓ·m <sup>-2</sup> ) minimum	Caltech UV at 1.00 kg·m <sup>-2</sup> (0.65 ℓ·m <sup>-2</sup> ) minimum		
Protection coat	-	Caltech sealer coat at 0.30 kg·m <sup>-2</sup> (0.25 ℓ·m <sup>-2</sup> )		
Finished	2.2 <sup>(2)</sup>	1.9		
thickness (mm)				

- (1) When the 5.9 kg·m<sup>-2</sup> application rate is used the top coat (3.9 kg·m<sup>-2</sup>) can be applied either in one coat or two coats.
- (2) Finished thickness of the 5.9 kg·m<sup>-2</sup> application rate is 3.5 mm.
- 9.2.12 The NHBC requires that the Caltech UV sytem, once installed, be inspected in accordance with *NHBC Standards* 2023, Chapter 7, Clause 7.1.11, including the use of appropriate integrity, where required. Any damage to the system assessed in this Certificate must be repaired in accordance with section 9.4 of this Certificate and reinspected, in order to maintain system performance.
- 9.2.13 The Certificate holder's Technical Services can provide further advice, but such advice is outside of the scope of this Certificate.

#### 9.3 Workmanship

Practicability of installation was assessed by the BBA on the basis of the Certificate holder's information. To achieve the performance described in this Certificate, the system must only be installed by contractors who have been trained and approved by the Certificate holder.

#### 9.4 Maintenance and repair

- 9.4.1 Ongoing satisfactory performance of the system in use requires that they it is suitably maintained. The guidance provided by the Certificate holder was assessed by the BBA and found to be appropriate and adequate.
- 9.4.2 The following requirements apply in order to satisfy the performance assessed in this Certificate:
- 9.4.2.1 The system must be the subject of six-monthly inspections and maintenance in accordance with the recommendations of BS 6229 : 2018, Chapter 7, and the Certificate holder's own maintenance requirements, where relevant, to ensure continued satisfactory performance.
- 9.4.2.2 Should minor damage occur, it must be rectified by cleaning back to unweathered material and an appropriate remedial product applied in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions to the damaged area.

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#### 10 Manufacture

- 10.1 The production processes for the system have been assessed, and provide assurance that the quality controls are satisfactory according to the following factors:
- 10.1.1 The manufacturer has provided documented information on the materials, processes, testing and control factors.
- 10.1.2 The quality control operated over batches of incoming materials has been assessed and deemed appropriate and adequate.
- 10.1.3 The quality control procedures and product testing to be undertaken have been assessed and deemed appropriate and adequate.
- 10.1.4 The process for management of non-conformities has been assessed and deemed appropriate and adequate.
- 10.1.5 An audit of each production location was undertaken, and it was confirmed that the production process was in accordance with the documented process, and that equipment has been properly tested and calibrated.
- † 10.2 The BBA has undertaken to review the above measures on a regular basis through a surveillance process, to verify that the specifications and quality control operated by the manufacturer are being maintained.

### 11 Delivery and site handling

- 11.1 The Certificate holder stated that the system's components are delivered to site in packaging bearing the Certificate holder's name, logo, product name, batch number and health and safety data.
- 11.2 The packaging of the system is given in Table 7.

Table 7 Packaging			
Component/item	Package type	Size	Shelf life
Caltech UV	metal cans	25 kg	12 months
Caltech CR	metal cans	25 kg	12 months
Caltech sealer coat	tins	9 kg	12 months
Euroroof PU Primer	tins	4 Kg	12 months
Caltech WBP	plastic cans	3 and 16 kg	12 months
Caltech F-MAT	rolls	20 and 100 m <sup>2</sup>	_
Caltech G-MAT	rolls	140 m <sup>2</sup>	_
Caltech SA Fleece	rolls	<del>_</del>	_
Caltech Preparation Layer	rolls	43 m <sup>2</sup>	_
Caltech self-adhesive joint tape	rolls	150 mm x 20 m	_
		100 mm x 10 m	

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## **ANNEX A – SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION †**

Supporting information in this Annex is relevant to the system but has not formed part of the material assessed for the Certificate.

# <u>Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015</u> <u>Construction (Design and Management) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2016</u>

Information in this Certificate may assist the client, designer (including Principal Designer) and contractor (including Principal Contractor) to address their obligations under these Regulations.

## **CLP Regulations**

The Certificate holder has taken the responsibility of classifying and labelling the system or system components under the GB CLG Regulation and the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Users must refer to the relevant Safety Data Sheet(s).

## Additional information on installation

#### General

- A.1 Installation should also be in accordance with the relevant clauses of Liquid Roofing and Waterproofing Association (LRWA) Note 7 Specifier Guidance for Flat Roof Falls
- A.2 Existing bituminous membranes may not require the application of primer. In such cases the advice of the Certificate holder's technical office should be sought, but such advice is outside of the scope of this Certificate.
- A.3 Application can be by brush, roller or airless spray. Brush application is normally used for small roof areas and for embedding the reinforcement into the waterproofing.
- A.4 The top coats are either applied wet-on-wet or as soon as the previous layer has cured allowing trafficking of the surface up to a maximum of seven days. After this period the membrane is cleaned and the surface reactivated using Euroroof PU Primer, prior to application.
- A.5 If Caltech UV is being applied as a protection coat, it is applied a maximum of 24 hours after the application of the top coat.

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## **Bibliography**

BS 6229: 2018 Flat roofs with continuously supported flexible waterproof coverings — Code of practice

BS 8000-0 : 2014 Workmanship on construction sites — Introduction and general principles BS 8000-4 : 1989 Workmanship on building sites — Code of practice for waterproofing

BS 8579: 2020 Guide to the design of balconies and terraces

BS EN 1991-1-1 : 2002 Eurocode 1 : Actions on structures — General actions — Densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings

NA to BS EN 1991-1-1: 2002 UK National Annex to Eurocode 1: Actions on structures — General actions — Densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings

BS EN 1991-1-3: 2003 + A1: 2015 Eurocode 1: Actions on structures — General actions — Snow loads

NA to BS EN 1991-1-3 : 2003 + A1 : 2015 UK National Annex to Eurocode 1 :  $Actions \ on \ structures \ --- \ General \ actions \ --- \ Snow \ loads$ 

BS EN 1991-1-4: 2005 + A1: 2010 Eurocode 1: Actions on structures — General actions — Wind actions

NA to BS EN 1991-1-4 : 2005 + A1 : 2010 UK National Annex to Eurocode 1 : *Actions on structures — General actions — Wind actions* 

CEN/TS 1187: 2012 Test methods for external fire exposure to roofs

EN 13501-1 : 2018 Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

BS EN 13501-5 : 2016 Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Classification using data from external fire exposure to roof tests

BS EN ISO 527-1: 2019 Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — General principles

BS EN ISO 527-4 : 2021 Plastics — Determination of tensile properties — Test conditions for isotropic and orthotropic fibre-reinforced plastic composites

BS EN 1928 : 2000 Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing — Determination of watertightness

BS EN 1931 : 2000 Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing — Determination of water vapour transmission properties

EOTA TR004 Determination of the resistance to wind loads of partially bonded roof waterproofing membranes

EOTA TR006 Determination of the resistance to dynamic indentation

EOTA TR007 Determination of the resistance to static indentation

EOTA TR008 Determination of the resistance to fatigue movement

EOTA TR010 Exposure procedure for artificial weathering

EOTA TR013 Determination of crack bridging capability

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## **Conditions of Certificate**

#### **Conditions**

#### 1 This Certificate:

- relates only to the system that is named and described on the front page
- is issued only to the company, firm, organisation or person named on the front page no other company, firm, organisation or person may hold or claim that this Certificate has been issued to them
- is valid only within the UK
- has to be read, considered and used as a whole document it may be misleading and will be incomplete to be selective
- is copyright of the BBA
- is subject to English Law.
- 2 Publications, documents, specifications, legislation, regulations, standards and the like referenced in this Certificate are those that were current and/or deemed relevant by the BBA at the date of issue or reissue of this Certificate.
- 3 This Certificate will be displayed on the BBA website, and the Certificate Holder is entitled to use the Certificate and Certificate logo, provided that the product and its manufacture and/or fabrication, including all related and relevant parts and processes thereof:
- are maintained at or above the levels which have been assessed and found to be satisfactory by the BBA
- continue to be checked as and when deemed appropriate by the BBA under arrangements that it will determine
- are reviewed by the BBA as and when it considers appropriate.
- 4 The BBA has used due skill, care and diligence in preparing this Certificate, but no warranty is provided.
- 5 In issuing this Certificate the BBA is not responsible and is excluded from any liability to any company, firm, organisation or person, for any matters arising directly or indirectly from:
- the presence or absence of any patent, intellectual property or similar rights subsisting in the product or any other product
- the right of the Certificate holder to manufacture, supply, install, maintain or market the product
- actual installations of the product, including their nature, design, methods, performance, workmanship and maintenance
- any works and constructions in which the product is installed, including their nature, design, methods, performance, workmanship and maintenance
- any loss or damage, including personal injury, howsoever caused by the product, including its manufacture, supply, installation, use, maintenance and removal
- · any claims by the manufacturer relating to UKCA marking and CE marking.

6 Any information relating to the manufacture, supply, installation, use, maintenance and removal of this product which is contained or referred to in this Certificate is the minimum required to be met when the product is manufactured, supplied, installed, used, maintained and removed. It does not purport in any way to restate the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, or of any other statutory, common law or other duty which may exist at the date of issue or reissue of this Certificate; nor is conformity with such information to be taken as satisfying the requirements of the 1974 Act or of any statutory, common law or other duty of care.

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